#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

**AUGUST 31, 2024** 

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#### McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Chris Swedlund Noel W. Barfoot Joseph Ellis Ashlee Martin Mike M. McCall (retired) Debbie Gibson (retired)

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Fort Bend County Levee
Improvement District No. 7
Fort Bend County, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7 (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as published in the Water District Financial Management Guide and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, excluding that portion marked "Unaudited" on which we express no opinion or provide an assurance, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

### McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

February 6, 2025

Management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7 (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements and (2) notes to the financial statements. The combined fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements combine both: (1) the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and (2) the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This report also includes required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's annual report includes two financial statements combining the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The combined statements also include fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has three governmental fund types. The General Fund accounts for resources not accounted for in another fund, property tax revenues, operating costs and general expenditures. The Debt Service Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported in each of the financial statements. The focus in the fund statements provides a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of the District and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. The adjustments columns, the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position and the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities explains the differences between the two presentations and assists in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information ("RSI") and other supplementary information. A budgetary comparison schedule is included as RSI for the General Fund.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$62,181,613 as of August 31, 2024. A portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets which includes land and drainage facilities less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following is a comparative analysis of the Statement of Net Position as of August 31, 2024, and August 31, 2023.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Net Position				
	2024	2023	Change Positive (Negative)		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated	\$ 79,390,561	\$ 94,584,737	\$ (15,194,176)		
Depreciation)	102,482,277	59,330,977	43,151,300		
Total Assets	\$ 181,872,838	\$ 153,915,714	\$ 27,957,124		
Bonds Payable Other Liabilities	\$ 112,125,776 7,565,449	\$ 116,299,916 6,445,886	\$ 4,174,140 (1,119,563)		
Total Liabilities	\$ 119,691,225	\$ 122,745,802	\$ 3,054,577		
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 55,625,129 2,106,701 4,449,783	\$ 26,002,612 1,975,097 3,192,203	\$ 29,622,517 131,604 1,257,580		
Total Net Position	\$ 62,181,613	\$ 31,169,912	\$ 31,011,701		

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ending August 31, 2024, and August 31, 2023.

	Summary of Changes in the Statement of Activities					
	2024			2023		Change Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$	6,957,969	\$	6,954,460	\$	3,509
Grant Revenues		24,227,493		324,000		23,903,493
Investment and Other Revenues		5,061,832		3,837,491		1,224,341
Total Revenues	\$	36,247,294	\$	11,115,951	\$	25,131,343
Expenses for Services		5,235,593		6,098,630		863,037
Change in Net Position	\$	31,011,701	\$	5,017,321	\$	25,994,380
Net Position, Beginning of Year		31,169,912		26,152,591		5,017,321
Net Position, End of Year	\$	62,181,613	\$	31,169,912	\$	31,011,701

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The District's combined fund balances as of August 31, 2024, were \$72,929,437, a decrease of \$16,398,447 from the prior year.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$24,637,234. The increase was primarily due to the District's receipt of grant revenues which are restricted for construction costs. Surplus operating funds were transferred to the Debt Service Fund to fund a portion of current year debt service payments.

The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased by \$58,301. Property tax revenues and a transfer from the General Fund were used to make current year debt service payments on the District's outstanding bonds.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance decreased by \$41,093,982. The District used proceeds of bond issues sold in prior fiscal years to pay for the rehabilitation and improvement to District infrastructure.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Board of Directors adopted a budget for the current fiscal year. The budget was amended to decrease anticipated property tax revenues. Total revenues were \$26,349,218 more than budgeted revenues (as a result of grant revenues), total expenditures were \$262,698 more than budgeted expenditures, and there was an unbudgeted transfer out of \$2,800,000. The result was a positive variance of \$23,286,520. See the budget to actual comparison for more information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets as of August 31, 2024, total \$102,482,277 and include land and drainage facilities. The most significant District projects during the current fiscal year consisted of engineering fees and/or construction costs related to the stormwater pump station expansion, the Brazos River bank stabilization project and other drainage improvements.

Capital Assets At Year-End

Capital Assets At Teal-Elid						
	2024		2024 2023			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements Construction in Progress Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation:	\$	7,784,501 70,650,462	\$	7,502,142 26,776,965	\$	282,359 43,873,497
Drainage System Less Accumulated Depreciation		40,785,339 (16,738,025)		40,785,339 (15,733,469)		(1,004,556)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	102,482,277	\$	59,330,977	\$	43,151,300

#### LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

As of August 31, 2024, the District had total bond debt payable of \$112,237,000. The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Bond Debt Payable, September 1, 2023	\$ 116,421,000
Less: Bond Principal Paid	 (4,184,000)
Bond Debt Payable, August 31, 2024	\$ 112,237,000

The District has an underlying rating of "AA-". The Series 2014 Bonds and Series 2022A bonds do not carry underlying nor insured ratings. The remaining bonds carry insured ratings of "AA" and/or "AA+" by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal or Build America Mutual Assurance Company. Credit enhanced ratings provided through bond insurance policies are subject to change based on changes to the ratings of the insurers.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7, c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P., 1300 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 2400, Houston, TX 77056.

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AUGUST 31, 2024

				Debt
	General Fund		Se	rvice Fund
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	16,501,308	\$	57,305
Investments		14,829,302		1,914,249
Receivables:				
Property Taxes		69,971		99,564
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Taxes				
Grants Receivable		1,768,168		
Due from Other Funds		1,341,776		2,641
Prepaid Costs		10,721		1,317,791
Land				
Construction in Progress				
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)				
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	34,521,246	\$	3,391,550

Capital		1			S	Statement of		
P	rojects Fund		Total	 Adjustments		Net Position		
\$	8,074,413 34,703,838	\$	24,633,026 51,447,389	\$	\$	24,633,026 51,447,389		
			169,535	42.021		169,535		
			. =	43,931		43,931		
			1,768,168			1,768,168		
			1,344,417	(1,344,417)				
			1,328,512			1,328,512		
				7,784,501		7,784,501		
				70,650,462		70,650,462		
				 24,047,314		24,047,314		
\$	42,778,251	\$	80,691,047	\$ 101,181,791	\$	181,872,838		

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AUGUST 31, 2024

				Debt
	Ge	eneral Fund	Se	rvice Fund
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	1,317,552	\$	3,189
Accrued Interest Payable				
Due to Other Funds		2,641		7,800
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Bonds Payable, Due Within One Year				
Bonds Payable, Due After One Year				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,320,193	\$	10,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	\$	69,971	\$	99,564
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Costs	\$	10,721	\$	1,317,791
Restricted for Authorized Construction		28,751,270		
Restricted for Debt Service				1,963,206
Unassigned		4,369,091		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	33,131,082	\$	3,280,997
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	34,521,246	\$	3,391,550

#### **NET POSITION**

Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted

#### TOTAL NET POSITION

Pı	Capital Projects Fund		Total		Adjustments		tatement of Net Position
\$	4,926,917 1,333,976	\$	6,247,658 1,344,417	\$	1,317,791 (1,344,417)	\$	6,247,658 1,317,791
\$	6,260,893	\$	7,592,075	<u> </u>	4,974,000 107,151,776 112,099,150	\$	4,974,000 107,151,776 119,691,225
\$	-0-	\$	169,535	\$	(169,535)	\$	- 0 -
\$	36,517,358	\$	1,328,512 65,268,628 1,963,206 4,369,091	\$	(1,328,512) (65,268,628) (1,963,206) (4,369,091)	\$	
\$	36,517,358	\$	72,929,437	\$	(72,929,437)	\$	- 0 -
\$	42,778,251	<u>\$</u>	80,691,047				
				\$	55,625,129 2,106,701 4,449,783	\$	55,625,129 2,106,701 4,449,783
				\$	62,181,613	\$	62,181,613

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 72,929,437

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

102,482,277

Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues and penalty and interest receivable on delinquent taxes for the 2023 and prior tax levies became part of recognized revenue in the governmental activities of the District.

213,466

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities at year end consist of:

Accrued Interest Payable

\$ (1,317,791)

Bonds Payable

(112,125,776)

(113,443,567)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 62,181,613

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	G	eneral Fund	Se	Debt ervice Fund
REVENUES	Ф	2.710.002	Ф	4 202 505
Property Taxes Penalty and Interest	\$	2,718,892	\$	4,202,595 45,660
Grant Revenues		24,227,493		43,000
Settlement Revenues		1,525,000		
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues		631,801		89,801
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	29,103,186	\$	4,338,056
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES				
Service Operations:				
Professional Fees	\$	393,021	\$	14,129
Contracted Services		198,715		137,839
Utilities		30,010		
Repairs and Maintenance		435,854		
Depreciation		252.706		10.006
Other		253,706		10,006
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		354,646		
Bond Principal				4,184,000
Bond Interest				2,733,781
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	1,665,952	\$	7,079,755
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	\$	27,437,234	\$	(2,741,699)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In (Out)	\$	(2,800,000)	\$	2,800,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	24,637,234	\$	58,301
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 1, 2023		8,493,848		3,222,696
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION -				
AUGUST 31, 2024	\$	33,131,082	\$	3,280,997

P	Capital rojects Fund	Total	Adjustments	S	tatement of Activities
\$	2,770,444	\$ 6,921,487 45,660 24,227,493 1,525,000 3,492,046	, ,	\$	6,957,969 44,786 24,227,493 1,525,000 3,492,046
\$	2,770,444	\$ 36,211,686		\$	36,247,294
\$	17,188	\$ 424,338 336,554 30,010		\$	424,338 336,554 30,010
	45,373	481,227	1,004,556		481,227 1,004,556
	655	264,367	(44.155.056)		264,367
	43,801,210	44,155,856	(44,155,856)		
		4,184,000 2,733,781	(4,184,000) (39,240)		2,694,541
\$	43,864,426	\$ 52,610,133	\$ (47,374,540)	\$	5,235,593
\$	(41,093,982)	\$ (16,398,447	\$ 47,410,148	\$	31,011,701
\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$	-0-
\$	(41,093,982)	\$ (16,398,447	) \$ 16,398,447	\$	
			31,011,701		31,011,701
	77,611,340	89,327,884	(58,157,972)		31,169,912
\$	36,517,358	\$ 72,929,437	<u>\$ (10,747,824)</u>	\$	62,181,613

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (16,398,447)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report tax revenues when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded in the accounting period for which the taxes are levied.	36,482
Governmental funds report penalty and interest revenue on property taxes when collected. However, in the Statement of Activities, revenue is recorded when penalties and interest are assessed.	(874)
Governmental funds do not account for depreciation. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are depreciated and depreciation expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities.	(1,004,556)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the period purchased. However, in the Statement of Net Position, capital assets are increased by new purchases and the Statement of Activities is not affected.	44,155,856
Governmental funds report bond principal payments as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, bond principal payments are reported as decreases in long-term liabilities.	4,184,000
Governmental funds report interest expenditures on long-term debt as expenditures in the year paid. However, in the Statement of Net Position, interest is accrued on the long-term debt through fiscal year-end.	 39,240
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 31,011,701

#### NOTE 1. CREATION OF DISTRICT

Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7, located in Fort Bend County, Texas (the "District") was created, effective November 5, 1984, by the Commissioners Court of Fort Bend County, Texas. The District operates pursuant to provisions of Chapters 49 and 57 of the Texas Water Code, Chapter 7808 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code ("Chapter 7808"), and provisions of Article XVI, Section 59 of the Constitution of Texas. The District is within the corporate boundaries of the City of Sugar Land by virtue of the City of Sugar Land's annexation and dissolution of Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District Nos. 67, 68, 69, 111, and 112, effective December 12, 2017.

The principal functions of the District include constructing and maintaining levees and other improvements on, along and contiguous to rivers, creeks, and streams; reclaiming lands within the District from these streams; the control and distribution of the waters of rivers and streams within and adjacent to the District by straightening and otherwise improving them; the provisions of proper drainage and other improvements of the reclaimed land within the District; and constructing, operating, and maintaining reclaimed water facilities pursuant to and in accordance with Chapter 7808. Chapter 7808 was amended effective June 14, 2019, to allow the District to use a delivery method described by (1) Chapter 2269, Texas Government Code, or (2) Subchapter I, Chapter 49, Texas Water Code, with respect to the design and construction of erosion control facilities located in or adjacent to the Brazos River and any related facility or improvement.

The District is subject to continuing supervision of the Commissioners Court of Fort Bend County and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "Commission").

#### NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In addition, the accounting records of the District are maintained generally in accordance with the *Water District Financial Management Guide* published by the Commission.

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected board. GASB has established the criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a primary government or a component unit of a primary government. The primary criteria are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statement as component units.

#### **NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Part II, Financial Reporting ("GASB Codification"). The GASB Codification sets forth standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which include a requirement for a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net position into three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted; and Unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of external constraints placed on the use of assets imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted or Net Investment in Capital Assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole and are combined with the governmental fund financial statements. The District is viewed as a special-purpose government and has the option of combining these financial statements. The Statement of Net Position is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report on the full accrual basis, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Any amounts recorded due to and due from other funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities is reported by adjusting the governmental fund types to report only items related to current year revenues and expenditures. Items such as capital outlay are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Internal activities between governmental funds, if any are eliminated by adjustment to obtain net total revenue and expense of the government-wide Statement of Activities.

#### **NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District's fund financial statements are combined with the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The District has three governmental funds and considers each to be a major fund. The General Fund accounts for resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, property tax revenues, operating costs and general expenditures. The Debt Service Fund accounts for ad valorem taxes and financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for servicing bond debt and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for acquisition or construction of facilities and related costs.

#### Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenue reported in governmental funds to be available if they are collectable within 60 days after year end. Also, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. Property taxes considered available by the District and included in revenue include taxes collected during the year and taxes collected after year-end, which were considered available to defray the expenditures of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are revenues which the District does not reasonably expect to be collected soon enough in the subsequent period to finance current expenditures.

Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund are reported as other financing sources or uses. Loans by one fund to another fund and amounts paid by one fund for another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet if there is intent to repay the amount and if the debtor fund has the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. The General Fund owes the Debt Service Fund \$2,641 for the over transfer of maintenance tax collections. The Debt Service Fund owes the General Fund \$7,800 for fiscal agent fees paid by the General Fund. The Capital Projects Fund owes the General Fund \$1,333,976 for capital costs paid by the General Fund. The General Fund transferred \$2,800,000 to the Debt Service Fund toward payment of the District's bond obligations.

#### **NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund incurred and as an expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital asset additions, improvements and preservation costs, that extend the life of an asset, are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. Engineering fees and certain other costs are capitalized as part of the asset.

Assets are capitalized, including infrastructure assets, if they have an original cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life over two years. Depreciation on the drainage facilities is calculated using the straight-line method of depreciation over a period ranging between 10 and 45 years.

#### **Budgeting**

An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The original General Fund budget for the current year was amended. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund presents the budgeted amounts compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

#### Pensions

A pension plan has not been established. The District does not have employees, except that the Internal Revenue Service has determined that directors are considered to be "employees" for federal payroll tax purposes only.

#### Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recognized within the various financial statements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

#### **NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet, and the reported fund balances provide an indication of available spendable or appropriable resources. Operating statements of governmental fund types report increases and decreases in available spendable resources.

Fund balances in governmental funds using the following hierarchy:

*Nonspendable*: amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted*: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are imposed externally.

Committed: amounts that can be spent only for purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. This action must be made no later than the end of the fiscal year. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned: amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

*Unassigned*: all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of restricted funds, then committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

#### Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Series 2014	Series 2015	Series 2018
Amount Outstanding – August 31, 2024	\$3,500,000	\$12,680,000	\$9,600,000
Interest Rates	3.50% - 4.00%	3.00% - 3.625%	3.00% - 4.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	March 1, 2025/2038	March 1, 2025/2038	March 1, 2025/2043
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable Dates	March 1, 2022*	March 1, 2022*	March 1, 2024*
	Series 2020	Series 2022	Series 2022A
Amount Outstanding – August 31, 2024	\$55,800,000	\$20,535,000	\$10,122,000
Interest Rates	2.000% - 2.125%	2.00% - 4.00%	0.00%
Maturity Dates – Serially Beginning/Ending	March 1, 2025/2050	March 1, 2025/2050	March 1, 2025/2052
Interest Payment Dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	Not Applicable
Callable Dates	March 1, 2029*	March 1, 2028*	Not Callable

<sup>\*</sup> At the option of the district, in whole or in part, on the call option date or any date thereafter, at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption. Series 2014 term bonds maturing March 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory redemption on March 1, 2036. Series 2015 term bonds maturing March 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory redemption on March 1, 2036. Series 2018 term bonds maturing March 1, 2033, 2035, and 2043, are subject to mandatory redemption on March 1, 2032, 2034, and 2042, respectively. Series 2020 term bonds maturing March 1, 2036, 2042, 2044, and 2050, are subject to mandatory redemption on March 1, 2035, 2040, 2043, and 2045, respectively. Series 2022 term bonds maturing March 1, 2043, 2045, 2047, and 2050, are subject to mandatory redemption on March 1, 2041, 2044, 2046, and 2048, respectively.

The Series 2022A Bonds are private placement bonds.

#### **NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT** (Continued)

Bonds payable activity for the current fiscal year are summarized in the following table:

	September 1,			August 31,
	2023	Additions Retirements		2024
Bonds Payable Unamortized Discounts	\$ 116,421,000 (428,683)	\$	\$ 4,184,000 (22,017)	\$ 112,237,000 (406,666)
Unamortized Premiums	307,599		12,157	295,442
Bonds Payable, net	<u>\$ 116,299,916</u>	\$ -0-	\$ 4,174,140	\$ 112,125,776
		Amount Due With Amount Due After	\$ 4,974,000 107,151,776	
		Bonds Payable, ne	t	\$ 112,125,776

As of August 31, 2024, the debt service requirements on the bonds outstanding were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	4,974,000	\$	2,635,581	\$	7,609,581
2026		4,969,000		2,509,632		7,478,632
2027		4,964,000		2,399,631		7,363,631
2028		4,965,000		2,289,151		7,254,151
2029		4,965,000		2,178,037		7,143,037
2030-2034		24,795,000		9,061,143		33,856,143
2035-2039		23,620,000		5,901,806		29,521,806
2040-2044		18,495,000		3,302,818		21,797,818
2045-2049		16,475,000		1,384,875		17,859,875
2050-2052		4,015,000		69,132		4,084,132
	\$	112,237,000	\$	31,731,806	\$	143,968,806

At an election held within the District on November 5, 1985, voters of the District authorized a total of \$32,955,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing levee and drainage improvements. On May 10, 2008, voters of the District authorized an additional \$15,000,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds, totaling \$47,955,000 for the purpose of acquiring or constructing levee and drainage improvements. The District has no remaining authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for said improvements and facilities from such prior elections.

#### **NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT** (Continued)

On May 10, 2014, the District's voters authorized the issuance of a total of \$14,500,000 principal amount unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Reclaimed Water System. No remaining authorized but unissued tax bonds remain from such authorization. The District's voters have also authorized the issuance of \$14,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax refunding bonds for the purposes of refunding outstanding bonds of the District issued to acquire or construct the Reclaimed Water System or any other outstanding bonds of the District and could authorize additional amounts.

At an election held within the District on May 5, 2018, voters of the District authorized a total of \$121,150,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing levee system and stormwater drainage improvements, as well as facilities for erosion abatement and control along the Brazos River. The District has \$30,029,000 authorized but unissued unlimited tax bonds for said improvements and facilities. The District's voters have also authorized the issuance of \$136,150,000 principal amount of unlimited tax levee refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds of the District and could authorize additional amounts.

The bond orders require the District to levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax rate of \$0.215 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$4,233,300 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,968,976,545 for the 2023 tax year.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the appraisal district. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

#### NOTE 4. SIGNIFICANT BOND ORDER AND LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

The District is required to provide to certain information repositories continuing disclosure of annual financial information and operating data with respect to the District. The information is of the general type included in the annual audit report and must be filed within six months after the end of each fiscal year of the District. The District has covenanted that it will take all necessary steps to comply with the requirement that rebatable arbitrage earnings on the investment of the gross proceeds of the Bonds be rebated to the federal government, within the meaning of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code. The minimum requirement for determination of the rebatable amount is on each five-year anniversary of the bonds.

#### NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of Texas statutes. Texas statutes require that any cash balance in any fund shall, to the extent not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of the District, having an aggregate market value, including accrued interest, at all times equal to the uninsured cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$24,633,026 and the bank balance was \$24,645,813. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk as of year end.

The carrying values of the deposits are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position at August 31, 2024, as listed below:

	Cash	
GENERAL FUND	\$ 16,501,308	
DEBT SERVICE FUND	57,305	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 8,074,413	
TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$ 24,633,026	

#### Investments

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management, and all District funds must be invested in accordance with the following investment objectives: understanding the suitability of the investment to the District's financial requirements, first; preservation and safety of principal, second; liquidity, third; marketability of the investments if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity, fourth; diversification of the investment portfolio, fifth; and yield, sixth. The District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

#### NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. Texas statutes include specifications for and limitations applicable to the District and its authority to purchase investments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act. The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the guidelines by which it may invest which is reviewed annually and which may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts has oversight of the pool. Federated Hermes, Inc. manages the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller. TexPool measures its portfolio assets at amortized cost. As a result, the District also measures its investments in TexPool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from TexPool.

As of August 31, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Funds and Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturities of Less Than 1 Year
GENERAL FUND TexPool	\$ 14,829,302	\$ 14,829,302
DEBT SERVICE FUND TexPool	1,914,249	1,914,249
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND TexPool	34,703,838	34,703,838
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$ 51,447,389	\$ 51,447,389

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment in TexPool was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District considers the investment in TexPool to have a maturity of less than one year since the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the District, unless there has been a significant change in value.

#### NOTE 5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Restrictions

Restricted cash and investments in the General Fund include \$28,751,207 which is restricted for the payment of capital improvements to District infrastructure. All cash and investments of the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the payment of debt service and the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. All cash and investments of the Capital Projects Fund are restricted for the purchase of capital assets.

#### NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the current fiscal year is summarized in the following table:

	September 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	August 31, 2024
<b>Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated</b>				
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 7,502,142	\$ 282,359	\$	\$ 7,784,501
Construction in Progress	26,776,965	43,873,497		70,650,462
<b>Total Capital Assets Not Being</b>				
Depreciated	\$ 34,279,107	\$ 44,155,856	\$ -0-	\$ 78,434,963
Capital Assets Subject to Depreciation				
Drainage System	\$ 40,785,339	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 40,785,339
Accumulated Depreciation				
Drainage System	\$ 15,733,469	\$ 1,004,556	\$ -0-	\$ 16,738,025
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 25,051,870	\$ (1,004,556)	\$ -0-	\$ 24,047,314
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 59,330,977	\$ 43,151,300	\$ -0-	\$ 102,482,277

#### NOTE 7. MAINTENANCE TAX

On November 5, 1985, the voters of the District approved the levy and collection of a maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax rate of \$0.1389 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$2,734,909 on the adjusted taxable valuation of \$1,968,976,545 for the 2023 tax year. This maintenance tax may be used by the General Fund to pay expenditures related to operating the District and capital improvements.

#### NOTE 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

#### NOTE 9. ESCROW REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTED FUNDS

The District was directed not to expend portions of the Series 2020 bond proceeds allocated for the Brazos River Bank Erosion Control Project pending District board receipt of plans and specifications approved by all authorities having jurisdiction. Such plans have been approved and the project is underway. As of year end, \$35,130,391 of Series 2020 bond proceeds remain unspent and are recorded in the cash and investment balances of the Capital Projects Fund.

The District's Series 2022A Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds are being used to finance construction and engineering costs associated with the District's project for additional drainage and detention facilities. As of year end, \$7,421,860 of Series 2022A bond proceeds remain unspent and are recorded in the investment balances of the Capital Projects Fund.

Grant proceeds have been deposited into the General Fund which are restricted for payment of costs related to the Brazos River Bank Erosion Control Project. As of year end, \$28,751,270 of restricted grant proceeds are recorded in the cash and investment balances of the General Fund.

#### NOTE 10. GRANT PROGRAM

On June 24, 2019, the District received a Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) Phase 1 award from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Texas Department of Emergency Management for the District's Brazos River Bank Erosion Control Project (the "Project"). The Project is under Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance program 97.039 and FEMA project number 4332-0035-TX. The Phase 1 award was administered by and through TDEM, and only costs incurred by the District that are eligible for reimbursement under such federal rules and regulations, as determined by TDEM and FEMA, were reimbursed to the District. The District paid 100% of the costs of the pre-construction work and was reimbursed 75% of such costs from FEMA. FEMA awarded the District the Phase 2 award for up to 75% of eligible construction costs of the Project. During the current fiscal year, the District began construction of Phase 2 of the Project.

#### NOTE 10. GRANT PROGRAM (Continued)

The District has also been awarded by the State of Texas (Texas Infrastructure Resiliency Fund) additional reimbursement. For each dollar that qualifies for FEMA reimbursement under HMGP, the Texas Department of Emergency Management will pay seventy-five percent (75%) of the District's local share of the twenty-five percent (25%).

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AUGUST 31, 2024

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property Taxes Grant Revenues Settlement Revenues	\$ 3,595,21		\$ 2,718,892 24,227,493 1,525,000	\$ 24,924 24,227,493 1,525,000
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	60,00	00 60,000	631,801	571,801
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,655,21	\$ 2,753,968	\$ 29,103,186	\$ 26,349,218
EXPENDITURES  Service Operations: Professional Fees Contracted Services Repairs and Maintenance Other Capital Outlay  TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 333,60 206,70 507,00 355,95 \$ 1,403,25	206,700 500 507,000 54 355,954	\$ 393,021 198,715 435,854 283,716 354,646 \$ 1,665,952	\$ (59,421) 7,985 71,146 72,238 (354,646) \$ (262,698)
TOTAL EM EMPITORES	ψ 1,403,25	φ 1,403,234	ψ 1,005,752	ψ (202,070)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,251,95	<u>\$ 1,350,714</u>	\$ 27,437,234	\$ 26,086,520
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ (2,800,000)	\$ (2,800,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,251,95	58 \$ 1,350,714	\$ 24,637,234	\$ 23,286,520
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 1, 2023	8,493,84	8,493,848	8,493,848	
FUND BALANCE - AUGUST 31, 2024	\$ 10,745,80	9,844,562	\$ 33,131,082	\$ 23,286,520

#### FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

**AUGUST 31, 2024** 

#### McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Chris Swedlund Noel W. Barfoot Joseph Ellis Ashlee Martin Mike M. McCall (retired) Debbie Gibson (retired)

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Directors
Fort Bend County Levee
Improvement District No. 7
Fort Bend County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7 ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Board of Directors Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

# McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

February 6, 2025

# McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Chris Swedlund Noel W. Barfoot Joseph Ellis Ashlee Martin Mike M. McCall (retired) Debbie Gibson (retired)

# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7 Fort Bend County, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

# McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC

McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC Certified Public Accountants Houston Texas

February 6, 2025

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
US Department of Homeland Security:			
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program pass through Texas Department of Emergency Management	97.039	DR-4332-035	\$ 20,780,370

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal award includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 2. GRANTS

On June 24, 2019, the District received a Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) Phase 1 award from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security passed through the Texas Department of Emergency Management for the District's Brazos River Bank Erosion Control Project (the "Project"). The Project is under Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance program 97.039 and FEMA project number 4332-0035-TX. The Phase 1 award was administered by and through TDEM, and only costs incurred by the District that are eligible for reimbursement under such federal rules and regulations, as determined by TDEM and FEMA, were reimbursed to the District. The District paid 100% of the costs of the pre-construction work and was reimbursed 75% of such costs from FEMA. FEMA awarded the District the Phase 2 award for up to 75% of eligible construction costs of the Project. During the current fiscal year, the District began construction of Phase 2 of the Project.

The District has also been awarded by the State of Texas (Texas Infrastructure Resiliency Fund) additional reimbursement. For each dollar that qualifies for FEMA reimbursement under HMGP, the Texas Department of Emergency Management will pay seventy-five percent (75%) of the District's local share of the twenty-five percent (25%).

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

## NOTE 3. MATCHING COSTS

Matching Costs, the nonfederal share of certain program costs, are not included in the Schedule.

## NOTE 4. INDIRECT COSTS

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

# Section I — Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements
Гуре of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:
• Material weakness(es) identified?
yesX no
Significant Deficiencies(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?  yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?
yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards
Internal control over major programs:
• Material weakness(es) identified?
yes <u>X</u> no
Significant Deficiencies(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?  yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 of Uniform Guidance yesX no

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Identification	n of major programs:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program	m or Cluster					
97.039 US Department of Homeland Security Hazard Mitigation Grant passed through Texas Department of Emergency Management							
Dollar thresh	nold used to distinguish						
between type	e A and type B programs:	\$750,000					
Auditee Qua	lified as low-risk auditee?	yes	X	no			

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

# Section II — Financial Statement Findings

None

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

**Section III— Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs** 

None

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

None

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REQUIRED BY THE WATER DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GUIDE AUGUST 31, 2024

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 SERVICES AND RATES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Retail Water	Wholesale Water X Drainag
Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater Irrigatio
Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection Security
Solid Waste/Garbage	X Flood Control Roads
Participates in joint venture, emergency interconnect)	egional system and/or wastewater service (other than
X Other (specify): Land Rec	amation
RETAIL SERVICE PROVIDERS	NOT APPLICABLE
TOTAL WATER CONSUMPTIO	N: NOT APPLICABLE
STANDBY FEES: NOT APPLIC	BLE
LOCATION OF DISTRICT:	
Is the District located entirely within	one county?
Yes X No	
County in which District is located:	
Fort Bend County, Texas	
Is the District located within a city?	
Entirely X Partly	Not at all
City in which District is located:	
City of Sugar Land, Texas.	
Is the District located within a city's	extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ)?
Entirely Partly	Not at all X
Are Board Members appointed by a	office outside the District?
Yes No	Y

# GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

PROFESSIONAL FEES: Auditing Engineering Legal	\$ 28,000 32,746 332,275
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES	\$ 393,021
CONTRACTED SERVICES: Bookkeeping Operations and Billing General Manager	\$ 76,600 93,990 28,125
TOTAL CONTRACTED SERVICES	\$ 198,715
UTILITIES	\$ 30,010
REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	\$ 435,854
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES: Director Fees, Including Payroll Taxes Dues Insurance Communications and Website Other	\$ 33,921 11,570 21,872 34,464 27,870
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES	\$ 129,697
CAPITAL OUTLAY	\$ 354,646
WATER REUSE COSTS	\$ 124,009
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,665,952

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 INVESTMENTS AUGUST 31, 2024

Funds	Identification or Certificate Number	Interest Rates	Maturity Dates	Balance at End of Year	Accrued Interest Receivable at End of Year
GENERAL FUND TexPool TexPool TOTAL GENERAL FUND	XXXX0002 XXXX0004	Varies Varies	Daily Daily	\$ 1,605,312 13,223,990 \$ 14,829,302	\$ -0-
DEBT SERVICE FUND TexPool	XXXX0001	Varies	Daily	\$ 1,914,249	\$ -0-
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND TexPool TexPool TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUN	XXXX0003 XXXX0006 D	Varies Varies	Daily Daily	\$ 226,000 34,477,838 \$ 34,703,838	\$ \$ -0-
TOTAL - ALL FUNDS				\$ 51,447,389	\$ -0-

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Maintena	nce Taxes	Debt Service Taxes		
TAXES RECEIVABLE - SEPTEMBER 1, 2023 Adjustments to Beginning Balance	\$ 58,566 (4,612)	\$ 53,954	\$ 74,487 (5,628) \$ 68,859		
Original 2023 Tax Levy Adjustment to 2023 Tax Levy TOTAL TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR	\$ 2,742,553 (7,644)	2,734,909 \$ 2,788,863	\$ 4,245,132 (11,832) 4,233,300 \$ 4,302,159		
TAX COLLECTIONS: Prior Years Current Year	\$ 14,074 2,704,818	2,718,892	\$ 15,872 4,186,723 4,202,595		
TAXES RECEIVABLE - AUGUST 31, 2024		\$ 69,971	\$ 99,564		
TAXES RECEIVABLE BY YEAR: 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 and prior		\$ 30,091 11,979 7,499 4,393 4,665 11,344	\$ 46,577 14,717 7,499 4,393 3,359 23,019		
TOTAL		\$ 69,971	\$ 99,564		

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 TAXES LEVIED AND RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020
PROPERTY VALUATIONS:				
Land	\$ 289,926,981	\$ 289,842,820	\$ 277,674,300	\$ 275,419,510
Improvements	1,902,421,205	1,680,583,416	1,323,733,698	1,305,240,900
Personal Property	21,728,502	19,745,080	18,908,920	17,620,540
Exemptions	(245,100,143)	(206,495,118)	(33,265,626)	(31,147,508)
TOTAL PROPERTY				
VALUATIONS	\$ 1,968,976,545	\$ 1,783,676,198	\$ 1,587,051,292	\$ 1,567,133,442
TAX RATES PER \$100				
VALUATION:				
Debt Service	\$ 0.2150	\$ 0.215	\$ 0.215	\$ 0.215
Maintenance	0.1389	0.175	0.215	0.215
TOTAL TAX RATES PER				
\$100 VALUATION	\$ 0.3539	\$ 0.390	\$ 0.430	\$ 0.430
ADJUSTED TAX LEVY*	\$ 6,968,209	\$ 6,956,337	\$ 6,824,320	\$ 6,738,674
PERCENTAGE OF TAXES				
COLLECTED TO TAXES				
LEVIED	98.90 %	99.62 %	99.78 %	99.87 %

Maintenance Tax – Maximum tax rate of \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation approved by voters on November 5, 1985.

<sup>\*</sup> Based upon adjusted tax at time of audit for the period in which the tax was levied.

SERIES-2014

		5 L K	ILS ZUII			
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Interest Due Due September 1/ March 1 March 1		September 1/		Total	
	_	•				
2025	\$ 250,000	\$	127,500	\$	377,500	
2026	250,000		118,750		368,750	
2027	250,000		110,000		360,000	
2028	250,000		101,250		351,250	
2029	250,000		92,500		342,500	
2030	250,000		83,750		333,750	
2031	250,000		75,000		325,000	
2032	250,000		66,250		316,250	
2033	250,000		57,500		307,500	
2034	250,000		48,750		298,750	
2035	250,000		39,375		289,375	
2036	250,000		30,000		280,000	
2037	250,000		20,000		270,000	
2038	250,000		10,000		260,000	
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
2045						
2046						
2047						
2048						
2049						
2050						
2051						
2052	 					
	\$ 3,500,000	\$	980,625	\$	4,480,625	

SERIES-2015

Due During Fiscal		Principal Interest Due				
Years Ending	Due		Se	eptember 1/		
August 31		March 1	March 1			Total
2025	\$	910,000	\$	415,469	\$	1,325,469
2026		910,000		388,169		1,298,169
2027		905,000		360,869		1,265,869
2028		905,000		333,719		1,238,719
2029		905,000		306,569		1,211,569
2030		905,000		278,287		1,183,287
2031		905,000		250,006		1,155,006
2032		905,000		220,594		1,125,594
2033		905,000		191,181		1,096,181
2034		905,000		160,637		1,065,637
2035		905,000		130,094		1,035,094
2036		905,000		98,419		1,003,419
2037		905,000		65,612		970,612
2038		905,000		32,806		937,806
2039						
2040						
2041						
2042						
2043						
2044						
2045						
2046						
2047						
2048						
2049						
2050						
2051						
2052	_		_		_	
	\$	12,680,000	\$	3,232,431	\$	15,912,431

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Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due March 1		Interest Due September 1/ March 1			Total
2025	\$	510,000	\$	354,912	\$	864,912
2026	Ψ	505,000	Ψ	339,613	Ψ	844,613
2027		505,000		324,462		829,462
2028		505,000		308,682		813,682
2029		505,000		292,268		797,268
2030		505,000		275,226		780,226
2031		505,000		257,550		762,550
2032		505,000		239,876		744,876
2033		505,000		220,936		725,936
2034		505,000		202,000		707,000
2035		505,000		181,800		686,800
2036		505,000		161,600		666,600
2037		505,000		141,400		646,400
2038		505,000		121,200		626,200
2039		505,000		101,000		606,000
2040		505,000		80,800		585,800
2041		505,000		60,600		565,600
2042		505,000		40,400		545,400
2043		505,000		20,200		525,200
2044						
2045						
2046						
2047						
2048						
2049						
2050						
2051						
2052	-					
	\$	9,600,000	\$	3,724,525	\$	13,324,525

SERIES-2020

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Principal Due March 1		nterest Due eptember 1/ March 1		Total
2025	\$	2,150,000	\$	1,137,450	\$	3,287,450
2026	Ψ	2,150,000	Ψ	1,094,450	Ψ	3,244,450
2027		2,150,000		1,051,450		3,201,450
2028		2,150,000		1,008,450		3,158,450
2029		2,150,000		965,450		3,115,450
2030		2,150,000		922,450		3,072,450
2031		2,145,000		879,450		3,024,450
2032		2,145,000		836,550		2,981,550
2033		2,145,000		793,650		2,938,650
2034		2,145,000		750,750		2,895,750
2035		2,145,000		707,850		2,852,850
2036		2,145,000		664,950		2,809,950
2037		2,145,000		622,050		2,767,050
2038		2,145,000		579,150		2,724,150
2039		2,145,000		536,250		2,681,250
2040		2,145,000		493,350		2,638,350
2041		2,145,000		450,450		2,595,450
2042		2,145,000		407,550		2,552,550
2043		2,145,000		364,650		2,509,650
2044		2,145,000		319,068		2,464,068
2045		2,145,000		273,488		2,418,488
2046		2,145,000		227,906		2,372,906
2047		2,145,000		182,325		2,327,325
2048		2,145,000		136,744		2,281,744
2049		2,145,000		91,162		2,236,162
2050		2,145,000		45,582		2,190,582
2051						
2052						
	\$	55,800,000	\$	15,542,625	\$	71,342,625

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Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Principal Due March 1		nterest Due eptember 1/ March 1		Total
2025	Φ.	700 000	Φ.	(00.250	¢.	1 200 250
2025	\$	790,000	\$	600,250	\$	1,390,250
2026		790,000		568,650		1,358,650
2027		790,000		552,850		1,342,850
2028		790,000		537,050		1,327,050
2029		790,000		521,250		1,311,250
2030		790,000		497,550		1,287,550
2031		790,000		473,850		1,263,850
2032		790,000		450,150		1,240,150
2033		790,000		426,450		1,216,450
2034		790,000		402,750		1,192,750
2035		790,000		379,050		1,169,050
2036		790,000		355,350		1,145,350
2037		790,000		331,650		1,121,650
2038		790,000		307,950		1,097,950
2039		790,000		284,250		1,074,250
2040		790,000		260,550		1,050,550
2041		790,000		236,850		1,026,850
2042		790,000		213,150		1,003,150
2043		790,000		189,450		979,450
2044		790,000		165,750		955,750
2045		790,000		142,050		932,050
2046		790,000		118,350		908,350
2047		790,000		94,650		884,650
2048		790,000		70,950		860,950
2049		790,000		47,250		837,250
2050		785,000		23,550		808,550
2051		. 52,000				2 3 3,2 2 3
2052						
	ф.	20.525.000	Ф	0.251.600	Φ.	20.704.400
	\$	20,535,000	\$	8,251,600	\$	28,786,600

## SERIES-2022A

		2211122 20221	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due	Interest Due	T . 1
August 31	 March 1	(Not Applicable)	 Total
2025	\$ 364,000	\$	\$ 364,000
2026	364,000		364,000
2027	364,000		364,000
2028	365,000		365,000
2029	365,000		365,000
2030	365,000		365,000
2031	365,000		365,000
2032	365,000		365,000
2033	360,000		360,000
2034	360,000		360,000
2035	360,000		360,000
2036	360,000		360,000
2037	360,000		360,000
2038	360,000		360,000
2039	360,000		360,000
2040	360,000		360,000
2041	360,000		360,000
2042	360,000		360,000
2043	360,000		360,000
2044	360,000		360,000
2045	360,000		360,000
2046	360,000		360,000
2047	360,000		360,000
2048	360,000		360,000
2049	360,000		360,000
2050	360,000		360,000
2051	360,000		360,000
2052	 365,000		 365,000
	\$ 10,122,000	\$ -0-	\$ 10,122,000

# ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL SERIES

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	P	Total rincipal Due	I	Total nterest Due	Total Principal and Interest Due		
2025	\$	4,974,000	\$	2,635,581	\$	7,609,581	
2026	4	4,969,000	4	2,509,632	*	7,478,632	
2027		4,964,000		2,399,631		7,363,631	
2028		4,965,000		2,289,151		7,254,151	
2029		4,965,000		2,178,037		7,143,037	
2030		4,965,000		2,057,263		7,022,263	
2031		4,960,000		1,935,856		6,895,856	
2032		4,960,000		1,813,420		6,773,420	
2033		4,955,000		1,689,717		6,644,717	
2034		4,955,000		1,564,887		6,519,887	
2035		4,955,000		1,438,169		6,393,169	
2036		4,955,000		1,310,319		6,265,319	
2037		4,955,000		1,180,712		6,135,712	
2038		4,955,000		1,051,106		6,006,106	
2039		3,800,000		921,500		4,721,500	
2040		3,800,000		834,700		4,634,700	
2041		3,800,000		747,900		4,547,900	
2042		3,800,000		661,100		4,461,100	
2043		3,800,000		574,300		4,374,300	
2044		3,295,000		484,818		3,779,818	
2045		3,295,000		415,538		3,710,538	
2046		3,295,000		346,256		3,641,256	
2047		3,295,000		276,975		3,571,975	
2048		3,295,000		207,694		3,502,694	
2049		3,295,000		138,412		3,433,412	
2050		3,290,000		69,132		3,359,132	
2051		360,000				360,000	
2052		365,000				365,000	
	\$	112,237,000	\$	31,731,806	\$	143,968,806	

# CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BOND DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Description		Original Bonds Issued	Bonds Outstanding September 1, 2023				
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2014	\$ 4,000,00	00 \$ 3,750,000					
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2015		14,500,00	00 13,590,000				
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2018		12,150,00	00 10,110,000				
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2020		60,100,000 57,950,00					
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2022		20,535,00	00 20,535,000				
Fort Bend County Levee Improvement Distr Unlimited Tax Levee Improvement Bonds Series 2022A		10,486,00	00 10,486,000				
TOTAL		\$ 121,771,00	00 \$ 116,421,000				
Bond Authority:	Levee and Drainage Facilities	Refunding Bonds *	Reclaimed Water Facilities				
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$ 169,105,000	\$ 150,650,00	00 \$ 14,500,000				
Amount Issued	139,076,000	131,18	80 14,500,000				
Remaining to be Issued	\$ 30,029,000	\$ 150,518,82	20 \$ -0-				

## **Current Year Transactions**

	Retirements		Bonds				
Bonds Sold	Principal	Interest	Outstanding August 31, 2024	Paying Agent			
\$	\$ 250,000	\$ 135,000	\$ 3,500,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
	910,000	442,769	12,680,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
	510,000	375,312	9,600,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
	2,150,000	1,180,450	55,800,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
		600,250	20,535,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
	364,000		10,122,000	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. Dallas, TX			
\$ -0-	\$ 4,184,000	\$ 2,733,781	\$ 112,237,000				
		nding levee and dr reclaimed water fa	ainage facilities bonds				

Debt Service Fund cash and investment balances as of year end:

\$\frac{1,971,554}{}\$

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

\$ 5,141,743

See Note 3 for interest rates, interest payment dates and maturity dates.

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND – FIVE YEARS

			Amounts
	2024	2023	2022
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,718,892	\$ 3,124,685	\$ 3,396,524
Grant Revenues	24,227,493		1,510,900
Settlement Revenues	1,525,000		
Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	631,801	404,663	39,994
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 29,103,186	\$ 3,529,348	\$ 4,947,418
EXPENDITURES			
Professional Fees	\$ 393,021	\$ 641,661	\$ 544,735
Contracted Services	198,715	166,600	137,297
Utilities	30,010	18,629	34,225
Repairs and Maintenance	435,854	481,477	378,582
Other	253,706	225,999	238,178
Capital Outlay	354,646	157,959	3,597,395
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,665,952	\$ 1,692,325	\$ 4,930,412
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 27,437,234	\$ 1,837,023	\$ 17,006
O VER EM EMENTORES	Ψ 27,137,231	ψ 1,037,025	Ψ 17,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In (Out)	\$ (2,800,000)	\$ (2,096,720)	\$ (1,200,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 24,637,234	\$ (259,697)	\$ (1,182,994)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	8,493,848	8,753,545	9,936,539
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 33,131,082	\$ 8,493,848	\$ 8,753,545

												_
2021	2020	202	4		2023		2022		2021		2020	_
\$ 3,361,210	\$ 3,926,082 4,583,617	8:	9.3 3.3 5.2	%	88.5	%	68.7 30.5	%	99.8	%	45.8 53.5	%
 7,209	 56,162		2.2		11.5		0.8		0.2		0.7	
\$ 3,368,419	\$ 8,565,861	10	0.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
\$ 591,796 122,100 11,897 419,202 225,027 2,240,398	\$ 403,265 275,264 34,255 176,063 297,451 1,582,939	(	1.4 0.7 0.1 1.5 0.9	%	18.2 4.7 0.5 13.6 6.4 4.5	%	11.0 2.8 0.7 7.7 4.8 72.7	%	17.6 3.6 0.4 12.4 6.7 66.5	%	4.7 3.2 0.4 2.1 3.5 18.5	%
\$ 3,610,420	\$ 2,769,237	<u></u>	5.8	%	47.9	%	99.7	%	107.2	%	32.4	%
\$ (242,001)	\$ 5,796,624	9.	4.2	%	52.1	%	0.3	%	(7.2)	%	67.6	%
\$ 821,796	\$ 45,682											
\$ 579,795	\$ 5,842,306											
 9,356,744	 3,514,438											
\$ 9,936,539	\$ 9,356,744											

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE FUND - FIVE YEARS

			Amounts
	 2024	2023	2022
REVENUES Property Taxes Penalty and Interest Investment and Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 4,202,595 45,660 89,801	\$ 3,831,626 59,353 93,781	\$ 3,396,195 49,623 14,921
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 4,338,056	\$ 3,984,760	\$ 3,460,739
EXPENDITURES  Tax Collection Expenditures Debt Service Principal Debt Service Interest and Fees  TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$  156,349 4,184,000 2,739,406 7,079,755	\$  144,638 3,820,000 2,788,128 6,752,766	\$  155,458 1,750,000 2,293,081 4,198,539
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (2,741,699)	\$ (2,768,006)	\$ (737,800)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In (Out) Long-Term Debt Proceeds - Capitalized Interest	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 1,200,000 1,200,500
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 2,400,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 58,301	\$ (668,006)	\$ 1,662,700
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	 3,222,696	 3,890,702	 2,228,002
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,280,997	\$ 3,222,696	\$ 3,890,702
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WATER CONNECTIONS	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ACTIVE RETAIL WASTEWATER CONNECTIONS	N/A	N/A	N/A

						1 0100	11145	c or rotar	110	CITGES			
	2021		2020	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	_
\$	3,357,607 43,825 10,812	\$	2,833,175 46,019 10,571	96.8 1.1 2.1	%	96.1 1.5 2.4	%	98.2 1.4 0.4	%	98.4 1.3 0.3	%	98.0 1.6 0.4	%
\$	3,412,244	\$	2,889,765	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%
\$	143,157 1,770,000 1,659,891	\$	118,379 1,790,000 1,173,831	3.6 96.4 63.1	%	3.6 95.9 70.0	%	4.5 50.6 66.3	%	4.2 51.9 48.6	%	4.1 61.9 40.6	%
\$	3,573,048	\$	3,082,210	163.1	%	169.5	%	121.4	%	104.7	%	106.6	%
\$	(160,804)	\$	(192,445)	(63.1)	%	(69.5)	%	(21.4)	%	(4.7)	) %	(6.6)	) %
\$	(769,526)	\$	1,731,526										
\$	(769,526)	\$	1,731,526										
\$	(930,330)	\$	1,539,081										
	3,158,332		1,619,251										
<u>\$</u>	2,228,002	<u>\$</u>	3,158,332										
	N/A		N/A										
	N/A		N/A										

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS AUGUST 31, 2024

District Mailing Address - Fort Bend County Levee Improvement District No. 7

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 2400

Houston, TX 77056

District Telephone Number - (713) 623-4531

Board Members	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed)	Fees of Office for the year ended August 31, 2024		Expense Reimbursements for the year ended August 31, 2024		Title
Cindy Picazo	05/22 - 05/26 (Elected)	\$	7,072	\$	2,820	Chairman
Gerald Kazmierczak	05/22 - 05/26 (Elected)	\$	7,200	\$	-0-	Vice Chairman
Nathan Bedee	05/22 - 05/26 (Elected)	\$	7,072	\$	-0-	Secretary
Susheem Mehta	05/24 - 05/28 (Elected)	\$	5,525	\$	2,814	Assistant Secretary
James R. Grotte	05/24 - 05/28 (Elected)	\$	4,641	\$	-0-	Director

Note:

No Director has any business or family relationships (as defined by the Texas Water Code) with major landowners in the District, with the District's developer or with any of the District's consultants

Submission date of most recent District Registration Form: June 6, 2024

The limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year is \$7,200 as set by Board Resolution on August 7, 2003. Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a Director during the District's current fiscal year.

# FORT BEND COUNTY LEVEE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 7 BOARD MEMBERS, KEY PERSONNEL AND CONSULTANTS AUGUST 31, 2024

Consultants:	Fees for year end Date Hired August 31,		ar ended	Title
Consultants:	Date filled	Augu	st 31, 2024	11116
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	02/12/92	\$	174,988	General Counsel
McCall Gibson Swedlund Barfoot Ellis PLLC	08/13/98	\$	28,000	Auditor
Forvis Mazars, LLP	07/07/22	\$	76,600	Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	01/02/97	\$	14,129	Delinquent Tax Attorney
LJA Engineering, Inc.	02/07/19	\$	645,981	Engineer
AECOM	02/07/19	\$	1,228,034	Engineer
Mike Stone Associates, Inc.	02/07/19	\$	103,159	General Manager
FORVIS Wealth Advisors	08/16/2022	\$	-0-	Investment Officer
Masterson Advisors LLC	04/17/18	\$	-0-	Financial Advisor
Levee Management Services, LLC	05/10/12	\$	419,531	Operator
Assessments of the Southwest	11/89	\$	76,416	Tax Assessor/ Collector